

Quizlet Legal Studies 4 Family - Part 2 Study online at quizlet.com/_1wkkys

| equal shared parental responsibility | the presumption that the parents of a child will consult each other and agree on 'major long-term issues', such as education etc. |
|--|---|
| 2. ex-nuptial child | a child born outside of marriage |
| 3. extended family | a family with other relatives besides parents and children living in the same household |
| 4. family | two or more persons who are related by blood, marriage, adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household |
| 5. family violence | conduct towards a member of the family that causes them to fear for their personal wellbeing or safety |
| 6. guardianship | the long-term responsibility for a child |
| 7. injunction | a court order which prevents someone from doing something or orders them to do something |
| 8. in loco parentis | the idea that adults who are taking care of a child have the same rights and responsibilities as the parents |
| 9. intestacy | a situation in which laws operate to distribute a person's property when that person dies without leaving a will |
| 10. intimidation | behaviours such as nuisance phone calls, harassing or threatening someone |
| 11. in-vitro fertilisation (IVF) | a practice whereby ovum and sperm are united in a test tube where they form an embryo which is then implanted into a woman's uterus so that she can produce a child |
| 12. irretrievable breakdown | a marriage that has broken down to such an extent that there is no possibility of the parties reconciling |
| 13. liable parent | a parent who is obliged to pay child maintenance to the other parent |
| 14. lobby group | a collection of people with specific aims who join together to try to pressure the government to change the law so as to achieve those aims |
| 15. maintenance | a payment made by one person to help contribute to the care and welfare of another person |
| 16. marriage | the union of a man and a woman to the exclusion of all others, voluntarily entered into for life |

| 17. mediation | the process by which a conciliator or mediator listens to both parties to a dispute and makes suggestions in an effort to bring the two parties to agreement |
|-----------------------|---|
| 18. minor | a person under the age of 18 years; also known as a 'child' |
| 19. monogamy | the idea that a person may only be married to one person at a time |
| 20. nuclear family | a husband, a wife and their children |