| fuhrerprinzip   | a German word meaning leadership<br>principle; the belief that the Fuhrer,<br>or leader, was above the state and<br>that all Germans owed the leader<br>obedience and loyalty |
|-----------------|---|
| gestapo         | the secret police of the<br>Nazi state  |
| gleichschaltung | a German term meaning<br>coordination; in Nazi Germany<br>it meant the nazification of<br>German life and culture   |
| herrenvolk      | the master race   |
| hyperinflation  | extreme or rapid<br>inflation that devastated<br>the German economy in<br>the 1920s   |

| kaiser                   | the German word for<br>king or emperor  |
|--------------------------|---|
| lebensraum               | a German term meaning living<br>space;in Mein Kampf Hitler<br>wrote about Germany needing<br>to acquire more territory in<br>Eastern Europe |
| luftwaffe                | the German Air Force  |
| nationalism              | the desire to be a nation; the belief of people of the same language, culture and racial background that they should be a nation            |
| night of the long knives | the name given to the<br>elimination of the leadership<br>of the Sturmabteilung by the<br>Schutzstaffel on 30 June 1934                     |

| phoney war          | the period between<br>September 1939 and April<br>1940 when there was no<br>major military action on the<br>Western Front  |
|---------------------|--|
| propaganda ministry | led by Joseph Goebbels, this ministry controlled German newspapers, radio and film, and through the Reich Chamber of Culture its control extended to German music, theatre, writing, art, architecture, literature and sport |
| Reichstag           | the elected lower house of<br>the German parliament; the<br>Chancellor came from this<br>house   |
| reparations         | repayments for damage<br>done during the war   |
| Schutzstaffel (SS)  | originally formed as Hitler's bodyguard under the leadership of Himmler, the blackshirted Schutzstaffel became an elite and powerful force in Germany, responsible for carrying out Hitler's racial policies                 |

| Sturmabteillung (SA) | known as stormtroopers or<br>brown shirts, was the military<br>wing of the Nazi Party, made<br>up largely of ex-soldiers                |
|----------------------|---|
| totalitarianism      | a system of government in which total power and all aspects of state affairs are in the hands of one party that tolerates no opposition |
| volk                 | a term used in Nazi Germany<br>to mean folk or people; Hitler<br>wanted to preserve the racial<br>purity of the German volk             |