Quizlet

## 2

26 Multiple choice questions					
1.	a pat	ttern that is repeated with the notes sustained for double their previous duration			
	a.	anticipation			
	b.	antiphony			
	c.	articulation			
	d.	augmentation			
2.	sung	without instrumental accompaniment, usually by a small group			
	a.	backbeat			
	b.	a capella			
	c.	accents			
	d.	cadence			
3.		ending of a phrase, section or piece of music using particular intervals and chords to suggest that it is finished or hished; the chord combinations are perfect, imperfect, plagal and interrupted			
	a.	attack			
	b.	bend			
	c.	cadence			
	d.	atonal			
4.	a 'cru chan	ushed' note; a note played at the same time as, and crushed into, the following note, where the value does not ge			
	a.	acciaccatura			
	b.	anticipation			
	C.	articulation			
	d.	appoggiatura			
5.	fema	ile vocal type, lower than soprano			
	a.	bass			
	b.	attack			
	C.	atonal			
	d.	alto			
6.	in ele	ectronic manipulation of sounds; the first part of a sound or sounds			
	a.	atonal			
	b.	beat			
	c.	alto			

d. attack

7.		ar to a 'conversation', a piece of music in which a phrase is played or sung and a response by an instrument or ist follows
	a.	call and response
	b.	baritone
	c.	cadence
	d.	aerophones
8.	musi	c that has no tonal centre or home key
	a.	attack
	b.	beat
	c.	atonal
	d.	alto
9.	the u	nderlying, regular pulses in a piece of music
	a.	alto
	b.	bass
	c.	beat
	d.	bend
10.	a 'lea	ning' note; a note that leans into the following note, changing the note value
	a.	appoggiatura
	b.	anticipation
	c.	acciaccatura
	d.	acoustic
11.		of question and answer usually related to orchestral sounds where the conversation is between instruments; relates to liturgical singing in the Greek Orthodox tradition
	a.	atonal
	b.	antiphony
	C.	baritone
	d.	aerophones
12.	non-	electronic sound; it is mechanical, in that something needs to be vibrating in order to produce the sound
	a.	acoustic
	b.	art music
	C.	accents
	d.	attack

13.	. the music of Western cultures, including Classical, Baroque and Romantic music; also known as twentieth-century art music		
	a.	attack	
	b.	acoustic	
	c.	art music	
	d.	alto	
14.	a per role	cussive sound produced by the mouth, emulating the drum kit or drum machine and usually having a rhythmic	
	a.	atonal	
	b.	baritone	
	c.	beat boxing	
	d.	beat	
15.	the lo	owest voice type in the male vocal range	
	a.	beat	
	b.	alto	
	C.	bass	
	d.	bend	
16.	male	mid-range vocal type, between tenor and base	
	a.	baritone	
	b.	bridge	
	C.	atonal	
	d.	alto	
17.	the way in which specific parts or notes in a piece of music are played; some are specific to particular instruments		
	a.	articulation	
	b.	art music	
	c.	anticipation	
	d.	augmentation	
18.	a sca	le often heard in jazz music; the most common form in scale degree numbers is 1, 3flat, 4, 5flat,and 8	
	a.	cadence	
	b.	beat	
	C.	bass	
	d.	blues scale	

19.	a strong beat or emphasis on the two and four beat, mostly heard in mainstream or popular music
	a. beat
	b. bridge
	c. backbeat
	d. accents
20.	structure of a piece of music in which two sections are different, represented as AB
	a. baritone
	b. bridge
	c. binary form
	d. backbeat
21.	stresses or emphasis placed on particular notes to shape the musical phrase
	a. beat
	b. accents
	c. acoustic
	d. atonal
22.	instruments that are blown into; a classification of instruments of world music
	a. antiphony
	b. atonal
	c. baritone
	d. aerophones
23.	a group of singers, usually in harmony; sometimes in soprano/alto/tenor/bass form
	a. choir
	b. bend
	c. beat
	d. atonal
24.	occurs when a note is played or sung before a strong beat (e.g. a quaver before the first beat of a bar), anticipating the phrase
	a. antiphony
	b. articulation
	c. augmentation
	d. anticipation

- 25. a section of music that falls between two main sections, bridging them and holding them together
  - a. bend
  - b. bridge
  - c. baritone
  - d. bass
- 26. vocal technique of distorting the pitch by sliding around it
  - a. bend
  - b. beat
  - c. bridge
  - d. bass