Quizlet

SOR 1 Religion and Belief Systems in Australia post-1945 - Part 1

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that there is no higher being a member of the highest rank of clergy, responsible for leading a Christian community census an official counting of the population asking about ages, religions, occupations etc. clergy or lay people authorised to perform special religious or pastoral functions to a specific group e.g. school or hospital a group comprising all three orders of ordained ministry; bishops, priests and deacons creed an Australian aboriginal festive occasion with ceremonial rituals and dancers, often re-enacting myths a formal but concise statement of religious belief diocese a subdivision of the church under the care of a bishop dispossess to deprive someone of their possessions doctrines beliefs that are set forth by an authority as binding on all members doctrines beliefs that are set forth by an authority as binding on all members a principle, especially as laid down by the authority of a church the movement towards unity of all the Christian churches an 18th century European movement which celebrated science and philosophy over religion and superstition a philosophy or belief meant only for the initiated refers to protestant churches who believe in the centrality of the Bible for Christian doctrine and ethics the exorcism the expelling of evil spirits by the use of holy names but the first and the absolute truth of a religious text	1. alcheringa	an aboriginal word for the 'dreaming'
responsible for leading a Christian community 4. census an official counting of the population asking about ages, religions, occupations etc. 5. chaplains clergy or lay people authorised to perform special religious or pastoral functions to a specific group e.g. school or hospital 6. clergy a group comprising all three orders of ordained ministry; bishops, priests and deacons 7. corroboree an Australian aboriginal festive occasion with ceremonial rituals and dancers, often re-enacting myths 8. creed a formal but concise statement of religious belief 9. denominations large groups of religious congregations united under a common faith and name and organised under a single administration 10. diocese a subdivision of the church under the care of a bishop 11. dispossess to deprive someone of their possessions 12. doctrines beliefs that are set forth by an authority as binding on all members 13. dogma a principle, especially as laid down by the authority of a church 14. ecumenism the movement towards unity of all the Christian churches 15. enlightenment an 18th century European movement which celebrated science and philosophy over religion and superstition 16. esoteric a philosophy or belief meant only for the initiated 17. evangelical refers to protestant churches who believe in the centrality of the Bible for Christian doctrine and ethics 18. exorcism the expelling of evil spirits by the use of holy names 19. fundamentalism a belief in the absolute truth of a religious text	2. atheism	
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holy names 19. fundamentalism a belief in the absolute truth of a religious text	17. evangelical	in the centrality of the Bible for Christian
text	18. exorcism	
20. genocide the extermination of a race of people	19. fundamentalism	_
	20. genocide	the extermination of a race of people

21. hijab	the veil worn by Muslim women
22. infallibility	exempt from error
23. kinship	the claiming of a blood or spiritual family connection