



NAME _____

30 Multiple choice questions

1. public land in Italy which had been confiscated from a conquered enemy
 - a. ager publicus
 - b. auspicium
 - c. ager romanus
 - d. a rationibus

2. the year-by-year arrangement in eighty books of official events of the state - elections, commands, and civic, provincial and religious business organised by the pontifex maximus P. Muscius Scaevola in 131-130 bc
 - a. bestiarii
 - b. annales maximi
 - c. amici
 - d. calidarium

3. military treasury established by Augustus in ad 6 to provide for veterans
 - a. aerium militare
 - b. auxilia
 - c. aquila
 - d. aerium saturni

4. privy seal - librarian department in the imperial civil service
 - a. a libellis
 - b. atrium
 - c. a studiis
 - d. auctoritas

5. the state treasury of Rome, housed in the temple of sturn
 - a. aerium saturni
 - b. a studiis
 - c. atrium
 - d. aerium militare

6. the right of taking the auspices
 - a. auxilia
 - b. atrium
 - c. auspicium
 - d. amici

7. assessments made according to property for division of people into military classes
 - a. amici
 - b. as
 - c. century
 - d. censi

8. a division of the Roman army led by a centurion
 - a. bestiarii
 - b. century
 - c. censi
 - d. augur

9. legal secretary (one of the officials in the imperial civil service of the emperor Claudius)
 - a. a studiis
 - b. ab epistulis
 - c. a libellis
 - d. auxilia

10. the auxiliary Roman army created by Augustus: contingents of cavalry and light infantry raised from non-Roman provincials and attached to individual legions; also used for garrison duty in the provinces
 - a. aquila
 - b. aedile
 - c. auxilia
 - d. aula

11. friends
 - a. aula
 - b. amici
 - c. amicitia
 - d. as

12. secretary-general in the imperial civil service
 - a. a libellis
 - b. a studiis
 - c. amicitia
 - d. ab epistulis

13. an eagle - generally referring to the standard carried by a roman legion into battle (after the time of Marius) which featured an eagle
- a. aedile
 - b. auxilia
 - c. aula
 - d. aquila
14. a narrow purple stripe on the on the tunics worn by members of the equestrian order (at the time of Augustus)
- a. auspiciu
 - b. angusticlav
 - c. aquila
 - d. ampullae
15. the vestibule or open central room in a Roman house
- a. aquila
 - b. amici
 - c. augur
 - d. atrium
16. terra-cotta or glass bottles containing ointments or perfumed oils
- a. aula
 - b. ampullae
 - c. alae
 - d. aquila
17. men who fought wild in the arena
- a. a studiis
 - b. beneficia
 - c. century
 - d. bestiarii
18. head of the financial department in the imperial civil service
- a. a rationibus
 - b. a libellis
 - c. a studiis
 - d. auctoritas

19. a large copper coin of small monetary value, usually bearing the head of Janus on one side and the prow of a ship on the other
- a. aula
 - b. censi
 - c. alae
 - d. as
20. wings - referring originally to the contingents of allies on the flanks of a roman legion and later more specifically to the cavalry units
- a. aquila
 - b. as
 - c. aula
 - d. alae
21. an additional surname added to the praenomen (personal name), nomen (clan name) and cognomen (family name) to indicate a great victory, an adoption or a special attribute
- a. century
 - b. aedile
 - c. alae
 - d. agnomen
22. friendship
- a. aquila
 - b. amici
 - c. auxilia
 - d. amicitia
23. a roman magistrate whose duties included maintaining the city of Rome
- a. auxilia
 - b. aquila
 - c. amici
 - d. aedile
24. a priest whose duty it was to observe and interpret signs (auspices) in order to determine the will of the gods on all important occasions
- a. alae
 - b. as
 - c. augur
 - d. aula

25. benefits received by a client from his patron

- a. auxilia
- b. censi
- c. amicitia
- d. beneficia

26. great authority, influence and prestige

- a. auctoritas
- b. atrium
- c. auxilia
- d. a studiis

27. land comprising the roman state

- a. ager romanus
- b. auctoritas
- c. agnomen
- d. ager publicus

28. the hall of a Roman house

- a. aula
- b. aquila
- c. auxilia
- d. alae

29. area used for hot baths

- a. atrium
- b. auspicium
- c. apodyterium
- d. calidarium

30. a dressing room in the public baths

- a. atrium
- b. auspicium
- c. calidarium
- d. apodyterium