natural resource	a natural item that, after processing or manufacture, meets the needs of society
natural resource base	the earth based materials from which potential resources are to be drawn
non-renewable resources	resources that have finite stocks and, once used, are not replaced or recycled
OPEC	Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries
qualitative	relative to characteristics, properties and attributes

quantative	relating to measurements
reafforestation	the process of restoring and recreating areas of woodlands that once existed but were deforested at some point in the past
renewable resources	those resources that, if carefully managed, will be replenished after use; also known as exhaustible resources
resource	an item that meets a need
smelt	the process of melting aluminium oxides to take out the aluminium metal; aslo known as refine

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sovereignty	the principle that the stateexercises absolute power over its territory, system of government and population
speculation	trading with the purpose of making profits
subsistence agriculture	the growing of crops and/or the raising of livestock to support the members of a household rather than producing food for sale
tariffs	duties imposed by governments, particularly on imports
timber concession	the authority to log a specific area of forest

total catchment
management (TCM)

the coordinated and sustainable use and management of land, water, vegetation and other natural resources on a catchment basis

## user-pays' principle

an economic rationalist approach whereby those who need a service pay for it directly with subsidy; economic rationalists tend to favour deregulation, a free market economy, privatisation of state-owned industries, lower direct taxation and higher indirect taxation, and a reduction of the size of the 'welfare state'